

## Course Objectives

The American College of Medical Toxicology (ACMT) in conjunction with the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) are pleased to offer a one day course on *Chemical Agents of Opportunity for Terrorism: the Medical and Psychological Consequences of TICs (Toxic Industrial Chemicals) & TIMs (Toxic Industrial Materials)*. This course will provide awareness-level training on a variety of toxic syndromes likely to be encountered following exposures to TICs & TIMs and other chemical agents of opportunity. The course will focus on the medical and psychological issues pertaining to these exposures as well as other important non-volatile exposures.

In recent years, there has been growing concern since many of the most likely threats of chemical terrorism involve so-called "agents of opportunity." Both common and unusual industrial agents may pose a considerable threat as potential terrorist weapons. While an understanding of the traditional military chemical weapons (e.g. nerve agents) remains essential, an appreciation of myriad other potential toxic chemicals readily available in our society is crucial if we are to optimally prepare, identify and defend against the medical impact of various chemical poisons. We will provide a framework to enhance recognition of the common health effects of apparently disparate chemical toxins, describe the risk to various healthcare workers, and introduce clinical and public health management strategies. The traditional military warfare chemical agents *will not* be covered in these lectures because information on these agents is readily accessible through a number of other forums such as the internet.

**May 6th, 2006 --0745-1700**  
**Durham Research Center**  
**Nebraska Medical Center**  
**Omaha, Nebraska**

## Target Audience

The information presented will be of interest to public health officials, emergency response coordinators, FOSCs, environmental health scientists, toxicologists, occupational/ environmental and emergency physicians, veterinarians, laboratorians, engineers, industrial hygienists, and others involved in chemical terrorism preparedness and response.

## Course Faculty

The faculty as all board certified/board eligible and fellowship trained physician medical toxicologists who are members of the American College of Medical Toxicology (ACMT) and currently serve as consultants to ATSDR. They have extensive experience directly caring for patients suffering from the ill effects of chemical agents and poisons. ACMT is the major professional organization of physicians specializing in medical toxicology in the United States. In 1999, ACMT entered into a five-year cooperative agreement with ATSDR under the auspices of Program Announcement 99081: Program to Build Capacity to Conduct Environmental Health Promotion Activities. This agreement was designed, in part, to enhance educational outreach to health care professionals on issues pertaining to environmental toxicology. Recognizing the urgent need to improve the capacity of health professionals and public health officials to respond knowledgeably and effectively to chemical terrorism and related mass chemical exposure, the ACMT-ATSDR partnership has considerably expanded during the past year. A national network now links medical toxicologists across the country with the ten ATSDR regional offices. As part of this growing partnership, ACMT has organized this intensive one-day training course on the medical response to chemical terrorism and mass chemical exposure incidents.

### Chemical Agents of Opportunity for Terrorism:

The Medical and Psychological Consequences of TICs (Toxic Industrial Chemicals) and TIMs (Toxic Industrial Materials)



The American College of Medical Toxicology (ACMT)



# Course Program

## Toxic Warfare: Looking Beyond Conventional Chemical Weapons

While the threat of conventional chemical warfare has received much attention, and is the subject of tight control measures and a program of planned chemical destruction, less interest has been paid to other chemical agents that have great potential to wreak havoc on the civilian sector and produce mass casualties. This talk will provide an overview of toxic warfare, TICs & TIMs and key lessons from history

## Clinical Neurotoxicology of Chemical Terrorism

The awesome complexity of the central nervous system makes it particularly vulnerable to poisons. This lecture will provide insight into the expected clinical effects of potential terrorist poisons by highlighting three distinct brain syndromes: psychedelia (hallucinations), sedation (coma), and seizures (convulsions).

## Radiation Emergencies

A brief review of radiation health physics will be followed by a discussion of acute radiation syndrome. Various radiologic devices will be discussed with their potential for use as terrorist weapons.

## Terrorism by Fear & Uncertainty: Delayed Toxic Syndromes

Previous experience in medical toxicology provides notable examples in which malice or mishap has resulted in widely publicized episodes of group or mass poisoning whose presentation was delayed. The toxicity of metals such as thallium and the organomercurials, and of halogenated hydrocarbons such as dioxins and PCBs, will be discussed with particular reference to how poisoning with these agents presents and why delay in symptoms onset complicates response to potential incidents of toxic terrorism.

## Recognizing Current Vulnerabilities: Threats to Food, Water & Drug Supplies

This presentation will discuss the vulnerability of the food, water and drug supply of our nation and the potential use as a vehicle for chemical terrorism. Recent mass poisonings involving nicotine in food, and contamination of illicit drug supply will be discussed. The potential problems relating to counterfeit pharmaceuticals and contamination of drinking water will also be discussed.

## Psychological Response to Mass Chemical Exposures

It is often difficult to differentiate psychological harm caused by chemical or biological terrorism from other illnesses. Large numbers of patients with psychological distress will impact emergency response and potentially overwhelm the health care system. Strategies must be developed to diminish fear and hopefully decrease subsequent mass psychogenic illness that is likely to occur following a mass chemical exposure

## Toxic Gases, Fumigants & Cyanide

Chemical compounds are produced in massive quantities as part of America's industrial complex. Many of these compounds are amenable to use as large-scale terrorist weapons. Phosgene, chlorine and anhydrous ammonia will be discussed as potential inhalational threats. Pathophysiology, treatment and potential sources in the community and in the transportation system will be discussed. Cyanide and fumigants such as methyl bromide, sulfuryl fluoride, chloropicrin and the phosphides are among the most toxic TICs. An overview of availability, mechanism of action, metabolism, clinical presentation and medical management, including antidote utilization will be covered.

**Cost: \$25/per attendee**

Register Online at:

<http://www.trainex.org/offeringslist.cfm?courseid=275&all=yes>

The American College of Medical Toxicology  
901 N. Roselle Rd. Suite 920  
Schaumburg, IL 60195  
Phone: (847) 885-0674 Fax (847) 885-8393  
[www.acmt.net](http://www.acmt.net) [info@acmt.net](mailto:info@acmt.net)

## Objectives

**Understand the concept of chemical agents of opportunity, TICs & TIMs, and appreciate the basis for increased public health preparedness**

**Identify chemical agents of opportunity that could be used by terrorists**

**Discuss the past use of these chemicals in mass exposure situations**

**Describe the major health effects of TICs, TIMs and other important non-volatile chemical agents that could be used by terrorists**

**Identify the primary modalities available to treat victims of such chemical exposures**

**Understand the psychological impact of mass chemical exposures**

